

Number of cases and incidence rates by sex: 2005-2009

Pancreas (C25)

Sex	Number of cases	Average number of cases per year	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000	European age-standardised incidence rate per 100,000 (95% CI)	World age-standardised incidence rate per 100,000 (95% CI)	Odds of developing the disease before age 75 = 1 in:
Male	533	107	2.7	12.4	11.7 (10.7,12.8)	7.8 (7.1,8.5)	109.2
Female	475	95	2.4	10.6	7.7 (6.9,8.4)	5.0 (4.5,5.5)	177.1
All persons	1,008	202	2.6	11.5	9.5 (8.9,10.1)	6.3 (5.8,6.7)	136.6

NOTES:

NMSC: Non-melanoma skin cancer

CI: Confidence interval

**Number of cases and incidence rates by sex and year of diagnosis
Pancreas (C25)**

Male

Year of diagnosis	Number of cases	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000 males	European age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 males (95% CI)	World age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 males (95% CI)
1993	90	2.9	11.3	12.1 (9.6,14.6)	8.1 (6.3,9.8)
1994	62	2.0	7.7	8.5 (6.4,10.7)	5.7 (4.3,7.2)
1995	57	1.9	7.1	7.5 (5.5,9.5)	4.8 (3.5,6.1)
1996	92	2.9	11.4	11.9 (9.5,14.4)	7.6 (6.0,9.3)
1997	80	2.6	9.8	10.5 (8.2,12.9)	6.9 (5.3,8.4)
1998	71	2.3	8.7	9.3 (7.1,11.5)	6.3 (4.8,7.8)
1999	63	2.1	7.7	8.2 (6.2,10.3)	5.3 (4.0,6.7)
2000	64	2.0	7.8	8.2 (6.2,10.2)	5.3 (3.9,6.6)
2001	96	2.9	11.6	12.0 (9.6,14.5)	8.0 (6.4,9.7)
2002	83	2.5	10.0	9.8 (7.7,11.9)	6.4 (4.9,7.8)
2003	60	1.7	7.2	7.0 (5.2,8.8)	4.6 (3.4,5.8)
2004	75	2.1	9.0	8.8 (6.8,10.9)	6.0 (4.6,7.4)
2005	100	2.8	11.8	11.8 (9.5,14.2)	7.9 (6.3,9.5)
2006	105	2.8	12.3	11.9 (9.6,14.2)	8.1 (6.5,9.7)
2007	107	2.6	12.4	11.9 (9.6,14.1)	7.9 (6.3,9.4)
2008	114	2.7	13.1	11.9 (9.7,14.1)	7.7 (6.2,9.2)
2009	107	2.5	12.2	11.2 (9.1,13.3)	7.3 (5.9,8.7)

Female

Year of diagnosis	Number of cases	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000 females	European age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 females (95% CI)	World age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 females (95% CI)
1993	85	2.7	10.2	7.9 (6.1,9.7)	5.3 (4.0,6.5)
1994	78	2.5	9.3	7.5 (5.8,9.3)	5.0 (3.8,6.3)
1995	65	2.1	7.7	5.9 (4.4,7.5)	3.9 (2.8,5.0)
1996	73	2.2	8.6	6.7 (5.1,8.3)	4.2 (3.1,5.4)
1997	82	2.5	9.6	7.2 (5.5,8.8)	4.7 (3.5,5.8)
1998	65	2.0	7.6	5.6 (4.2,7.0)	3.6 (2.6,4.7)
1999	58	1.7	6.7	5.0 (3.6,6.4)	3.2 (2.2,4.1)
2000	81	2.4	9.4	7.7 (6.0,9.5)	5.3 (4.0,6.5)
2001	75	2.3	8.7	6.2 (4.7,7.7)	4.0 (3.0,5.0)
2002	87	2.5	10.0	7.5 (5.9,9.2)	4.8 (3.7,6.0)
2003	97	2.7	11.2	8.0 (6.3,9.7)	5.2 (4.0,6.3)
2004	83	2.3	9.5	7.2 (5.5,8.8)	4.8 (3.6,5.9)
2005	81	2.2	9.2	6.3 (4.9,7.8)	4.0 (3.0,4.9)
2006	103	2.8	11.6	8.4 (6.7,10.1)	5.4 (4.2,6.6)
2007	85	2.2	9.5	6.9 (5.4,8.5)	4.6 (3.5,5.7)
2008	113	2.8	12.5	9.1 (7.3,10.8)	5.9 (4.6,7.1)
2009	93	2.2	10.2	7.6 (6.0,9.2)	5.1 (3.9,6.2)

All persons

Year of diagnosis	Number of cases	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000 persons	European age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 persons (95% CI)	World age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 persons (95% CI)
1993	175	2.8	10.7	9.7 (8.3,11.2)	6.5 (5.4,7.5)
1994	140	2.3	8.5	7.9 (6.6,9.3)	5.3 (4.4,6.3)
1995	122	2.0	7.4	6.6 (5.4,7.8)	4.2 (3.4,5.1)
1996	165	2.6	9.9	8.9 (7.5,10.2)	5.7 (4.7,6.6)
1997	162	2.6	9.7	8.6 (7.3,10.0)	5.6 (4.7,6.5)
1998	136	2.1	8.1	7.5 (6.2,8.8)	5.0 (4.1,5.9)
1999	121	1.9	7.2	6.3 (5.2,7.5)	4.1 (3.3,4.9)
2000	145	2.2	8.6	7.8 (6.5,9.1)	5.2 (4.3,6.1)
2001	171	2.6	10.1	8.8 (7.4,10.2)	5.8 (4.9,6.7)
2002	170	2.5	10.0	8.5 (7.2,9.9)	5.5 (4.6,6.4)
2003	157	2.2	9.2	7.7 (6.4,8.9)	5.0 (4.1,5.8)
2004	158	2.2	9.2	8.0 (6.7,9.3)	5.3 (4.4,6.2)
2005	181	2.5	10.5	8.8 (7.5,10.2)	5.8 (4.9,6.7)
2006	208	2.8	11.9	10.2 (8.7,11.6)	6.8 (5.8,7.7)
2007	192	2.4	10.9	9.2 (7.8,10.5)	6.1 (5.2,7.0)
2008	227	2.8	12.8	10.3 (8.9,11.6)	6.6 (5.7,7.6)
2009	200	2.4	11.2	9.1 (7.8,10.4)	6.0 (5.1,6.9)

NOTES:

NMSC: Non-melanoma skin cancer

CI: Confidence interval

Pancreas (C25)
(Trends in number of cases per year)



Pancreas (C25)
(Trends in age-standardised incidence rates)



NOTES

European Age Standardised Incidence Rate

The incidence rate per 100,000 persons that has been adjusted to take account of different age structures between geographic areas or time periods. This is done by adopting the European standard as a reference population. The EASIR can be considered to be the number of cases per 100,000 persons occurring in the population if the population possessed the same age structure as the European standard population.

World Age Standardised Incidence Rate

As for the European age-standardised rate but using the World standard population.

Confidence Interval

The range of values calculated to have a specified (usually 95%) probability of containing the true value of an observation. Thus the 95% confidence interval for a rate is the range of values within which there is a 95% probability of finding the true value for the rate.