

## Number of cases and incidence rates: 2005-2009

### Cervix (C53)

Sex	Number of cases	Average number of cases per year	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000	European age-standardised incidence rate per 100,000 (95% CI)	World age-standardised incidence rate per 100,000 (95% CI)	Odds of developing the disease before age 75 = 1 in:
Female	527	105	2.7	11.8	11.5 (10.5,12.5)	10.0 (9.1,10.9)	119.1
All persons	527	105	1.3	6.0	5.9 (5.4,6.4)	5.1 (4.6,5.5)	233.8

#### NOTES:

NMSC: Non-melanoma skin cancer

CI: Confidence interval

## Number of cases and incidence rates by year of diagnosis

### Cervix (C53)

#### Female

Year of diagnosis	Number of cases	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000 females	European age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 females (95% CI)	World age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 females (95% CI)
1993	83	2.6	9.9	10.3 (8.1,12.6)	8.0 (6.2,9.8)
1994	76	2.4	9.0	9.3 (7.2,11.4)	7.5 (5.7,9.2)
1995	86	2.7	10.2	11.0 (8.6,13.3)	8.9 (7.0,10.8)
1996	93	2.8	10.9	11.2 (8.9,13.6)	9.1 (7.2,11.0)
1997	84	2.6	9.8	9.8 (7.6,11.9)	7.9 (6.1,9.6)
1998	80	2.4	9.3	9.3 (7.2,11.3)	7.6 (5.9,9.3)
1999	76	2.3	8.8	8.8 (6.8,10.8)	6.9 (5.3,8.6)
2000	96	2.8	11.1	11.0 (8.7,13.2)	8.9 (7.0,10.7)
2001	71	2.2	8.2	8.1 (6.2,10.0)	6.8 (5.1,8.4)
2002	82	2.3	9.4	9.3 (7.2,11.3)	7.6 (5.9,9.3)
2003	74	2.1	8.5	8.3 (6.4,10.2)	7.0 (5.3,8.6)
2004	77	2.1	8.8	8.3 (6.4,10.2)	6.8 (5.2,8.4)
2005	88	2.4	10.0	9.7 (7.6,11.8)	8.3 (6.5,10.1)
2006	104	2.8	11.7	11.5 (9.2,13.7)	9.7 (7.7,11.6)
2007	89	2.3	9.9	9.8 (7.7,11.8)	8.7 (6.8,10.5)
2008	127	3.1	14.0	13.6 (11.2,16.0)	11.9 (9.8,14.1)
2009	119	2.8	13.1	12.9 (10.6,15.3)	11.2 (9.1,13.3)

#### All persons

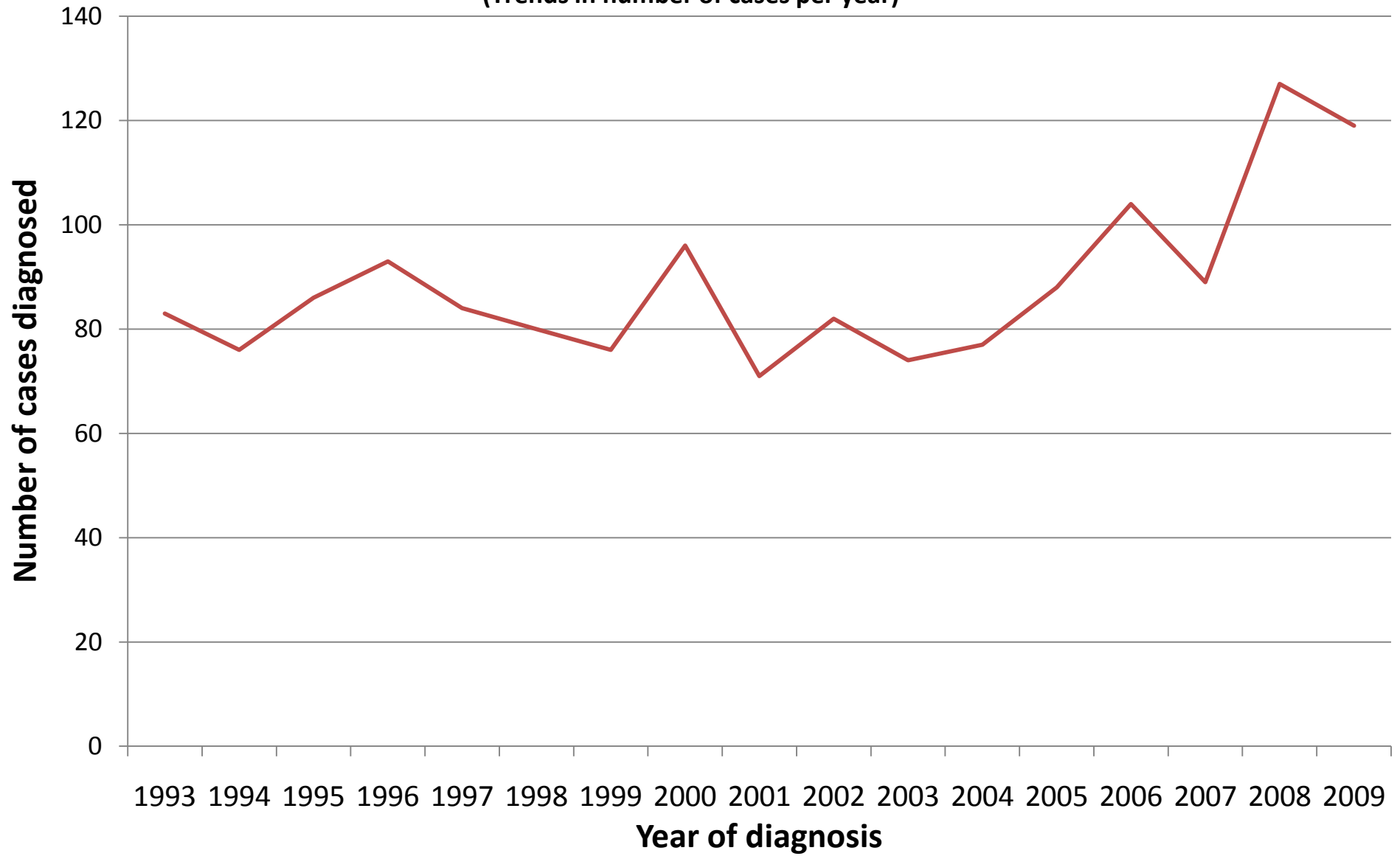
Year of diagnosis	Number of cases	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000 persons	European age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 persons (95% CI)	World age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 persons (95% CI)
1993	83	1.3	5.1	5.5 (4.3,6.7)	4.2 (3.2,5.1)
1994	76	1.2	4.6	4.8 (3.7,5.9)	3.9 (3.0,4.8)
1995	86	1.4	5.2	5.7 (4.5,6.9)	4.6 (3.6,5.6)
1996	93	1.4	5.6	5.9 (4.6,7.1)	4.7 (3.7,5.7)
1997	84	1.3	5.0	5.1 (4.0,6.2)	4.1 (3.2,5.0)
1998	80	1.2	4.8	4.8 (3.7,5.9)	3.9 (3.0,4.8)
1999	76	1.2	4.5	4.6 (3.5,5.6)	3.6 (2.8,4.4)
2000	96	1.5	5.7	5.7 (4.5,6.9)	4.6 (3.6,5.5)
2001	71	1.1	4.2	4.2 (3.2,5.2)	3.5 (2.6,4.3)
2002	82	1.2	4.8	4.8 (3.7,5.8)	3.9 (3.0,4.8)
2003	74	1.0	4.3	4.3 (3.3,5.3)	3.6 (2.7,4.4)
2004	77	1.1	4.5	4.3 (3.3,5.3)	3.5 (2.7,4.3)
2005	88	1.2	5.1	5.0 (3.9,6.0)	4.2 (3.3,5.1)
2006	104	1.4	6.0	5.9 (4.7,7.0)	4.9 (4.0,5.9)
2007	89	1.1	5.1	5.0 (3.9,6.0)	4.4 (3.5,5.3)
2008	127	1.5	7.2	6.9 (5.7,8.2)	6.1 (5.0,7.2)
2009	119	1.4	6.7	6.6 (5.4,7.8)	5.7 (4.6,6.7)

#### NOTES:

NMSC: Non-melanoma skin cancer

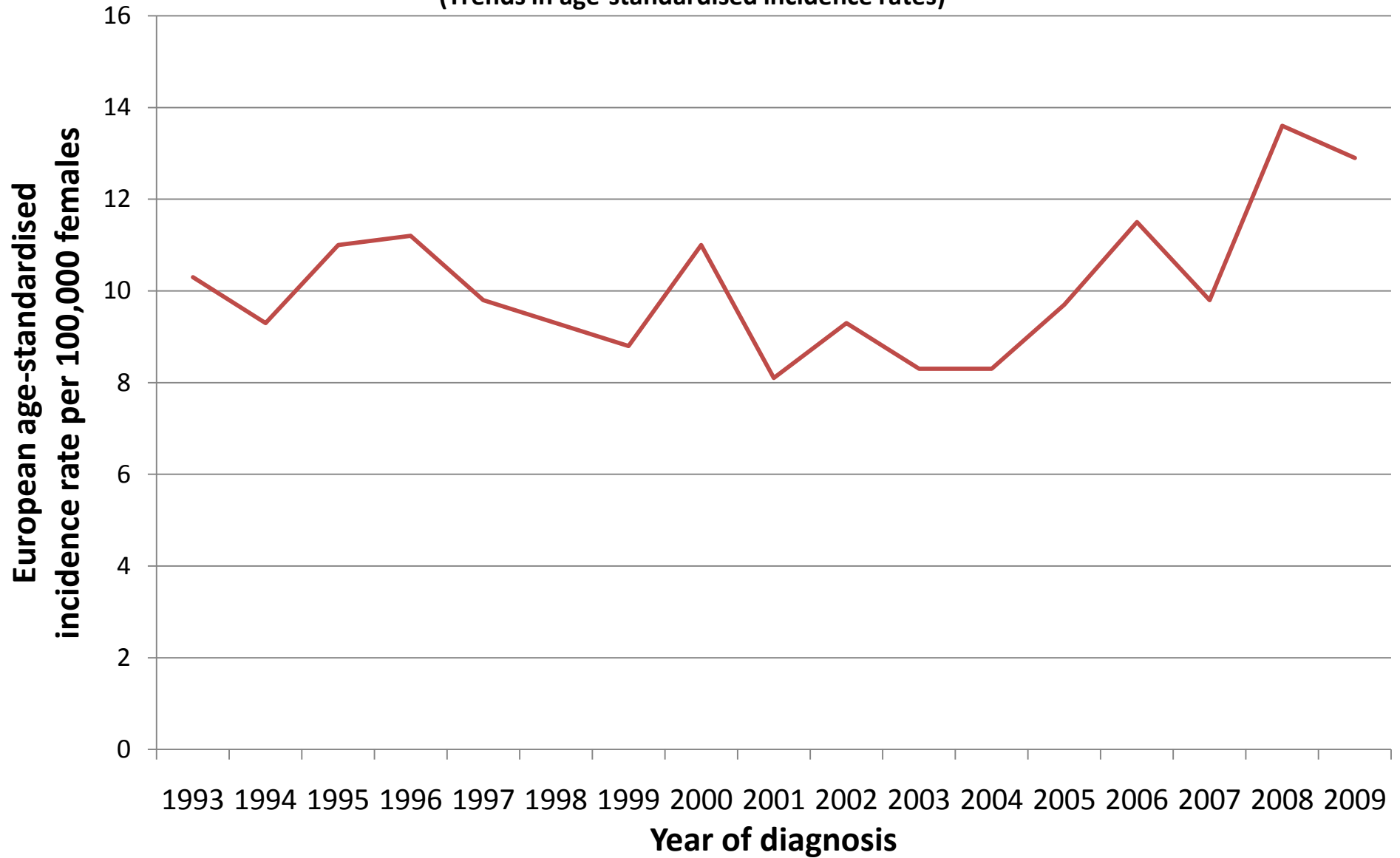
CI: Confidence interval

**Cervix (C53)**  
(Trends in number of cases per year)



# Cervix (C53)

(Trends in age-standardised incidence rates)



## **NOTES**

### **European Age Standardised Incidence Rate**

The incidence rate per 100,000 persons that has been adjusted to take account of different age structures between geographic areas or time periods. This is done by adopting the European standard as a reference population. The EASIR can be considered to be the number of cases per 100,000 persons occurring in the population if the population possessed the same age structure as the European standard population.

### **World Age Standardised Incidence Rate**

As for the European age-standardised rate but using the World standard population.

### **Confidence Interval**

The range of values calculated to have a specified (usually 95%) probability of containing the true value of an observation. Thus the 95% confidence interval for a rate is the range of values within which there is a 95% probability of finding the true value for the rate.