

## Number of cases and incidence rates: 2005-2009

### Corpus uteri (C54)

Sex	Number of cases	Average number of cases per year	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000	European age-standardised incidence rate per 100,000 (95% CI)	World age-standardised incidence rate per 100,000 (95% CI)	Odds of developing the disease before age 75 = 1 in:
Female	1,017	203	5.2	22.7	20.5 (19.2,21.7)	14.7 (13.7,15.6)	54.0
All persons	1,017	203	2.6	11.6	10.8 (10.1,11.5)	7.7 (7.2,8.2)	103.2

#### NOTES:

NMSC: Non-melanoma skin cancer

CI: Confidence interval

**Number of cases and incidence rates by year of diagnosis  
Corpus uteri (C54)**

**Female**

Year of diagnosis	Number of cases	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000 females	European age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 females (95% CI)	World age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 females (95% CI)
1993	89	2.8	10.6	10.4 (8.2,12.7)	7.4 (5.7,9.0)
1994	105	3.4	12.5	11.8 (9.5,14.2)	8.3 (6.6,10.1)
1995	89	2.8	10.5	10.2 (8.0,12.4)	7.0 (5.5,8.6)
1996	100	3.1	11.7	11.5 (9.2,13.9)	8.2 (6.5,9.9)
1997	116	3.5	13.6	13.5 (10.9,16.0)	9.6 (7.7,11.4)
1998	106	3.2	12.3	11.9 (9.5,14.2)	8.2 (6.5,9.9)
1999	120	3.6	13.9	13.5 (11.0,16.0)	9.6 (7.8,11.5)
2000	146	4.3	16.9	16.2 (13.5,18.9)	11.7 (9.7,13.7)
2001	144	4.4	16.6	15.7 (13.1,18.4)	11.3 (9.3,13.2)
2002	159	4.6	18.3	17.2 (14.4,20.0)	12.2 (10.2,14.2)
2003	186	5.2	21.4	19.9 (16.9,22.9)	14.1 (12.0,16.3)
2004	162	4.4	18.5	16.7 (14.0,19.3)	11.9 (9.9,13.8)
2005	177	4.8	20.1	18.6 (15.8,21.4)	13.3 (11.2,15.3)
2006	185	5.0	20.8	18.7 (15.9,21.5)	13.3 (11.3,15.3)
2007	202	5.2	22.5	20.7 (17.7,23.6)	14.8 (12.7,17.0)
2008	221	5.4	24.4	22.1 (19.1,25.1)	16.1 (13.8,18.3)
2009	232	5.5	25.5	22.0 (19.1,24.9)	15.7 (13.6,17.9)

**All persons**

Year of diagnosis	Number of cases	Percentage of all cancers ex. NMSC	Crude rate per 100,000 persons	European age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 persons (95% CI)	World age standardised incidence rate per 100,000 persons (95% CI)
1993	89	1.4	5.4	5.7 (4.5,6.9)	4.0 (3.1,4.9)
1994	105	1.7	6.4	6.5 (5.2,7.7)	4.5 (3.6,5.4)
1995	89	1.4	5.4	5.6 (4.4,6.8)	3.8 (3.0,4.6)
1996	100	1.6	6.0	6.3 (5.0,7.5)	4.4 (3.5,5.3)
1997	116	1.8	6.9	7.3 (5.9,8.6)	5.1 (4.1,6.1)
1998	106	1.6	6.3	6.4 (5.2,7.7)	4.4 (3.5,5.3)
1999	120	1.9	7.1	7.2 (5.9,8.5)	5.1 (4.2,6.1)
2000	146	2.2	8.7	8.7 (7.3,10.1)	6.2 (5.2,7.3)
2001	144	2.2	8.5	8.4 (7.0,9.8)	6.0 (5.0,7.0)
2002	159	2.3	9.4	9.2 (7.7,10.7)	6.5 (5.4,7.5)
2003	186	2.6	10.9	10.6 (9.1,12.2)	7.5 (6.3,8.6)
2004	162	2.2	9.5	8.9 (7.5,10.3)	6.3 (5.3,7.3)
2005	177	2.4	10.3	9.8 (8.3,11.3)	7.0 (5.9,8.0)
2006	185	2.5	10.6	9.9 (8.5,11.4)	7.0 (5.9,8.0)
2007	202	2.5	11.5	10.9 (9.4,12.4)	7.8 (6.7,8.9)
2008	221	2.7	12.5	11.6 (10.0,13.2)	8.4 (7.2,9.5)
2009	232	2.7	13.0	11.6 (10.1,13.2)	8.2 (7.1,9.4)

**NOTES:**

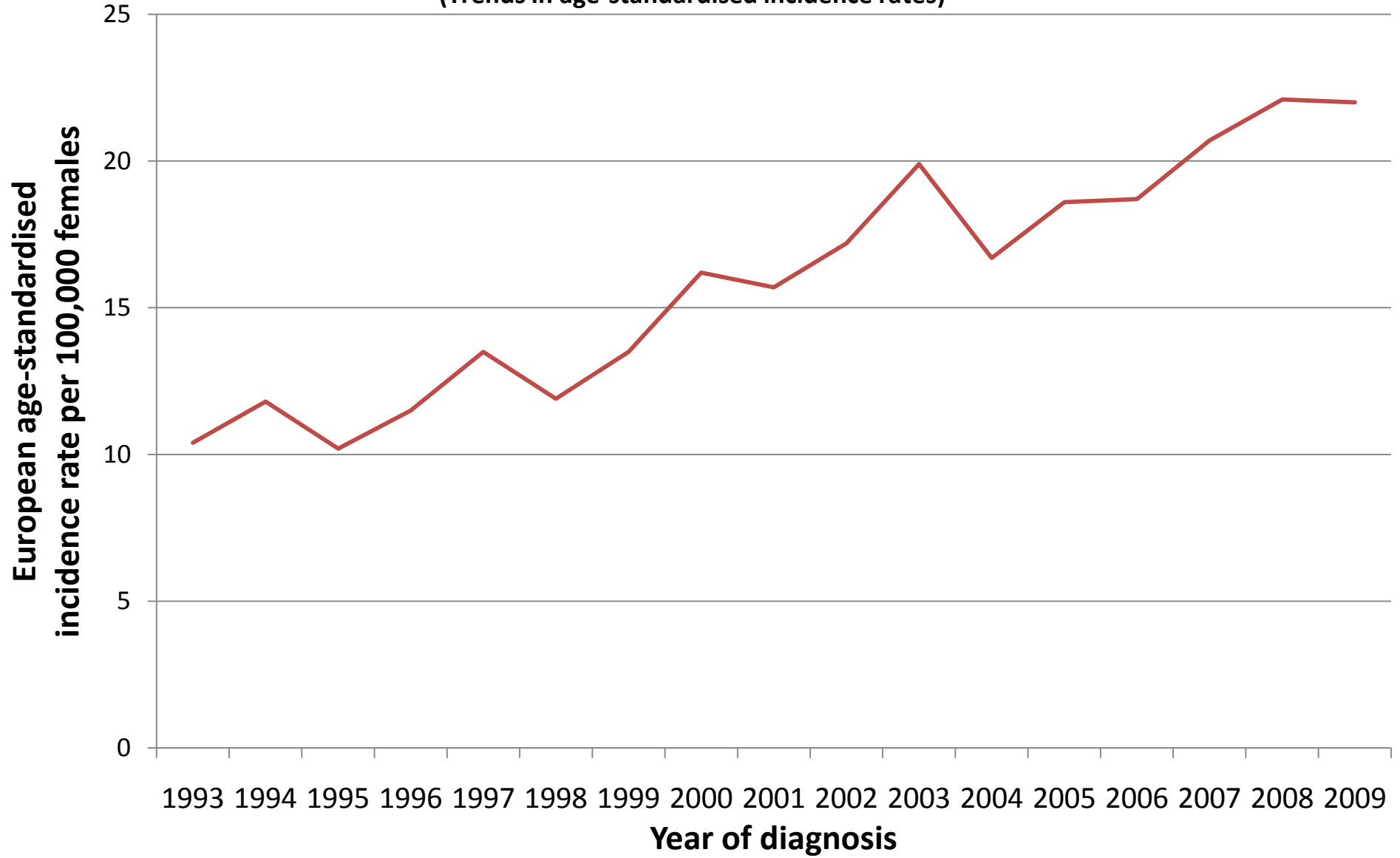
NMSC: Non-melanoma skin cancer

CI: Confidence interval

### Corpus uteri (C54) (Trends in number of cases per year)



**Corpus uteri (C54)**  
(Trends in age-standardised incidence rates)



## **NOTES**

### **European Age Standardised Incidence Rate**

The incidence rate per 100,000 persons that has been adjusted to take account of different age structures between geographic areas or time periods. This is done by adopting the European standard as a reference population. The EASIR can be considered to be the number of cases per 100,000 persons occurring in the population if the population possessed the same age structure as the European standard population.

### **World Age Standardised Incidence Rate**

As for the European age-standardised rate but using the World standard population.

### **Confidence Interval**

The range of values calculated to have a specified (usually 95%) probability of containing the true value of an observation. Thus the 95% confidence interval for a rate is the range of values within which there is a 95% probability of finding the true value for the rate.