East Belfast GP Federation

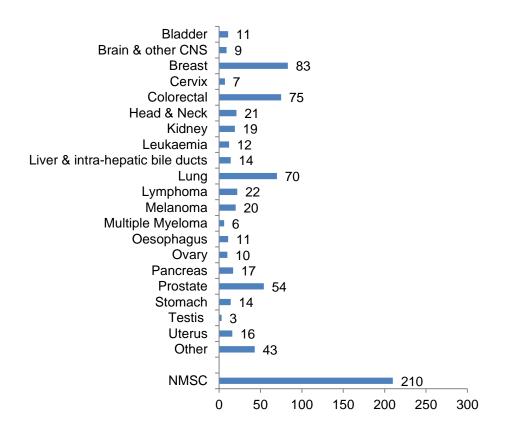
This factsheet presents information on cancer incidence and prevalence in the East Belfast GP Federation to provide those working with cancer some idea of the number of people diagnosed each year, the ages of these people, the type of cancer they have had and how many people are living with and beyond a cancer diagnosis between 1993-2015. It forms part of a larger report produced as part of the Macmillan-NICR partnership to describe the cancer profiles of the 17 GP Federations in Northern Ireland (NI). The full report can be accessed at http://www.qub.ac.uk/research-centres/nicr/. The data are reported based on GP federation of care rather than GP federation of residence i.e. people registered at GP practices in the East Belfast GP Federation area and not based on their home address. Also were data are presented for 'All cancers' this excludes non-melanoma skin cancer.

Table 1.Summary statistics for all cancers (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer)in East Belfast GP Federation area

	Males	Females	Both Sexes
Average cases diagnosed per year (2011-2015) 10 year prevalence 23 year prevalence	257.2 962 1,310	278.8 1,199 1,898	536.0 2,161 3,208
Incidence			

• There were on average 536 cases of all cancers excluding non-melanoma skin cancer (NMSC; C00-C97 ex.C44) diagnosed each year between 2011-2015.

Figure 1. Average number of cases of specific cancers diagnosed each year between 2011-2015 in people registered in East Belfast GP Federation area



 In 2011-2015 there were on average 83 cases of invasive female breast cancer, 54 cases of prostate cancer, 75 cases of colorectal cancer, 70 cases of lung cancer and 210 cases of non-melanoma skin cancer diagnosed each year.

Figure 2. Proportion (%) of cases diagnosed between 2011 and 2015 by specific cancer site and stage at diagnosis in East Belfast GP Federation area

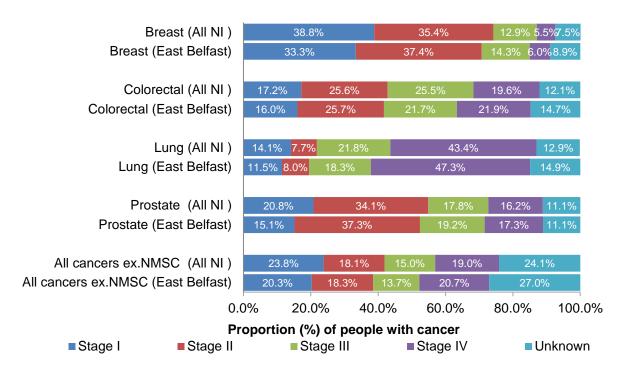


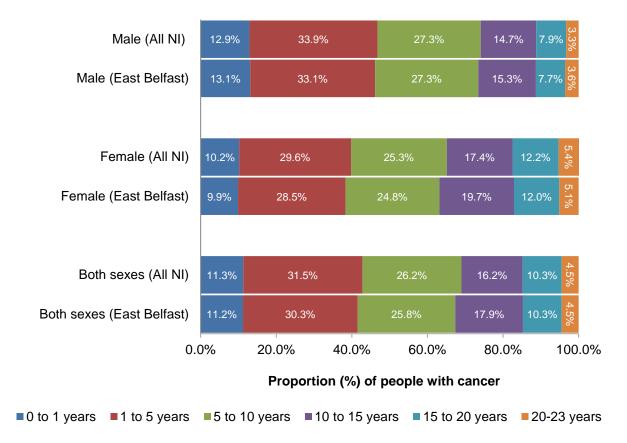
Figure 3. Proportion (%) of cases diagnosed between 2011 and 2015 by specific cancer site and age at diagnosis in East Belfast GP Federation area

Breast (All NI)	20.0%	22	.5%	25.1%	32.4%		
Breast (East Belfast)	20.3%	20	.0%	18.8%	40.8%		
Colorectal (All NI)	6.7% 11.7%	6 26	6.5%	55.1%			
Colorectal (East Belfast)	.3%10.7%	23.3%	23.3% 61.8%		61.8%		
Lung (All NI)	.0%11.1%	28.2%		57.6%			
Lung (East Belfast)	4 <mark>%1.2%</mark>	28.4%	6		59.0%		
Prostate (All NI)	14.3%	34.7%		51.1%			
Prostate (East Belfast)	14.4%	24.0%	, 0		61.6%		
All Cancers ex.NMSC (All NI)	12.0% 1	4.7%	25.7%)	47.5%		
All cancers ex.NMSC (East Belfast)	11.0% 13	3.7%	% 21.5% 53.9%				
0.	0% 2	20.0%	40.0%	% 60.0%	% 80.0%	100.0%	

Proportion (%) of people with cancer

■ 0 to 49 years ■ 50 to 59 years ■ 0 to 59 years (prostate only) ■ 60 to 69 years ■ 70 years and over

Figure 4. 23-year prevalence of all cancer (excluding NMSC) by sex and time from diagnosis in East Belfast GP Federation area



The 23- year prevalence represents all people diagnosed with cancer during 1993-2015 who are still alive at the end of 2015. Other prevalence measures commonly used, which depend on the diagnosis period considered, include:

- One year prevalence (people diagnosed in 2015) which at the end of 2015 was 360 (172 males and 188 females).
- Five year prevalence (people diagnosed 2011-2015) which at the end of 2015 was 1,333 (605 males and 728 females).
- Ten year prevalence (people diagnosed 2006-2015) which at the end of 2015 was 2,161 (962 males and 1,199 females).
- Twenty-three year prevalence (people diagnosed 1993-2015) which at the end of 2015 was 3,208 (1,310 males and 1,898 females).

Figure 5. 23 year prevalence (based on time since diagnosis) for all cancers (excluding NMSC) by sex in East Belfast GP Federation area

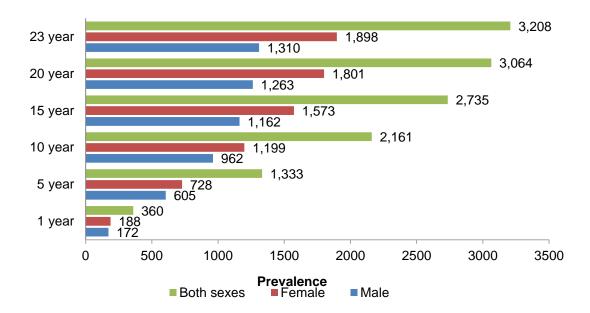
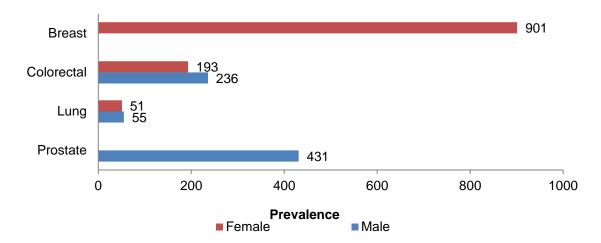


Figure 6. 23-year prevalence (number of people) for all cancers (excluding NMSC) by sex and cancer site in East Belfast GP Federation area



At 31st December 2015, of those people living up to 23 years after a cancer diagnosis (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer) in the East Belfast GP Federation:

- Over half (58.2%) of people had been diagnosed with breast, prostate, colorectal or lung cancer.
- 1,898 were female and of these over 4 in 10 females (47.5%) had, had a diagnosis of invasive breast cancer (ICD10 C50).
- 1,310 were male and of these 3 in 10 males (32.9%) had, had a diagnosis of prostate cancer (ICD10 C61).

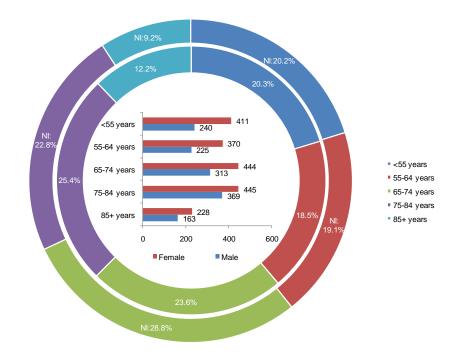
Figure 7. 23-year prevalence for all cancers (excluding NMSC) by cancer site and time since diagnosis in East Belfast GP Federation area

Breast (All NI; n=14,727)	9.1%	28.6%	62.3%				
Breast (East Belfast; n=901)	9.8%	27.6%	62.6%				
Colorectal (All NI; n=8,161)	11.3%	35.0%	53.7%				
Colorectal (East Belfast; n=429)	12.8%	35.4%	51.7%				
Head & Neck (All NI; n=2,142)	13.9%	% 32.1%		54.1%			
Head & Neck (East Belfast; n=126)	16.7%	29.4%	54.0%				
Kidnov (All NI: n-2 075)	44.000	27.00/			47 00/		
Kidney (All NI; n=2,075)	14.3%	37.9%		47.8%			
Kidney (East Belfast; n=120)	10.0%	38.3%		;	51.7%		
Lung (All NI; n=2,059)		33.0%		37.9% 29.19			
Lung (East Belfast; n=106)		34.0% 26					
		-					
Lymphoma (All NI; n=3,391)	9.6% 30.5%			59.9%			
Lymphoma (East Belfast; n=161)	5.6%	36.0%		58.4%			
Melanoma (All NI; n=4,008)	9.6%	9.6% 30.2%		60.2%			
Melanoma (East Belfast; n=242)	8.3%	6 28.1%		63.6%			
Prostate (All NI; n=9,347)	11.7%	% 37.5%		50.8%			
Prostate (East Belfast; n=431)	11.4%	4% 37.6%		51.0%			
NMSC (All NI; n=33,881)	9.6% 33.1%			57.3%			
NMSC (East Belfast; n=1,993)	8.5%	33.7%		57	.8%		
0.	0%).0%	80.0%	100.0%	
	Proportion (%) of people with cancer 1-5 years 5+years						
0-1 years		1-5 years		∎ s+y	ears		

At 31st December 2015, of those people living up to 23 years after a cancer diagnosis (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer) in the East Belfast GP Federation:

- Almost two thirds of people diagnosed with female breast cancer (62.6%) and melanoma (63.6%) were diagnosed more than five years previously.
- Over half (60.4%) of people diagnosed with lung cancer were diagnosed within the last five years.

Figure 8. 23- year prevalence of all cancers (excluding NMSC) by age at end 2015 in East Belfast GP Federation area



 8 out of 10 (79.7%) people diagnosed between 1993-2015 and alive at end of 2015 were aged 55 years or over at 31st December 2015 with a quarter of people (25.4%) aged between 75 and 85 years.

Acknowledgements

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